



Real-time neurophysiological measure of individual and team operators' cognitive performance for defence applications



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BRAIN Signs

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What are the human factors (HF) ?



- ATTENTION
- STRESS
- MENTAL FATIGUE
- SITUATION AWARENESS
- EMOTION

Why it is so important to measure HF



- Over **1.2 million people die each year on the world's roads**, with millions more sustaining serious injuries and living with long-term adverse health consequences. **Human error is the main cause** of the 57 % of road accidents and a contributing factor in over 90 % of them.
- More than **70% of aviation accidents are due to human errors**, most of them caused by pilots' overload or mental status impairment.
- **Medical errors cause high people mortality**, about 100.000 people per year. Furthermore, about the 10 % of hospitalized patients experienced complications on their treatments due to medical mistakes.



The Human Factor is
the most important but the less controllable factor
in operational environments.



(Boeing Report, 2011)
(Feyer and Williamson, 2011)
(WHO Report, 2015)

Conventional methods to gather information about individual's psychophysical and operational status, and evaluate teamwork are typically based on **expert supervision** (e.g. briefing and de-briefing), **self-reports**, or **performance statistics**.

These measurements are highly **operator-dependent** (who may be prone to personal experience, cognitive, and emotional biases), require to **interrupt the execution of tasks** (i.e. invasiveness and low temporal resolution), and **do not include information** related to team members' cognitive demand and emotional profile (i.e. paucity of user's insights).

It is therefore clear how these measurements alone cannot be used to accurately and properly assess the members of a team and consequently their teamwork.



✗ **LACK OF OBJECTIVES TOOLS FOR ASSESSING OPERATORS' PERFORMANCE,** BOTH AT INDIVIDUAL AND TEAM LEVEL.



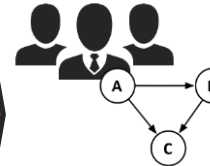
✗ **DIFFERENT NEUROPHYSIOLOGICAL MEASURES OF SINGLE HUMAN FACTORS,** WITHOUT PROVIDING A SYNTHETIC MEASURE OF PERFORMANCE.



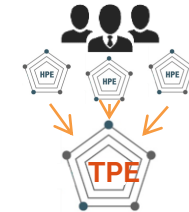
✗ **LACK OF FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH ON MENTAL STATES IN OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTS, ONLY FEW SINGLE BIOSIGNALS CONSIDERED.**



✓ **MULTIMODAL NEUROPHYSIOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION** OF RELEVANT HUMAN FACTORS (WORKLOAD, STRESS, ATTENTION, SITUATION AWARENESS, FATIGUE) FOR OBJECTIVE AND COMPREHENSIVE EVALUATION OF **HPE**.

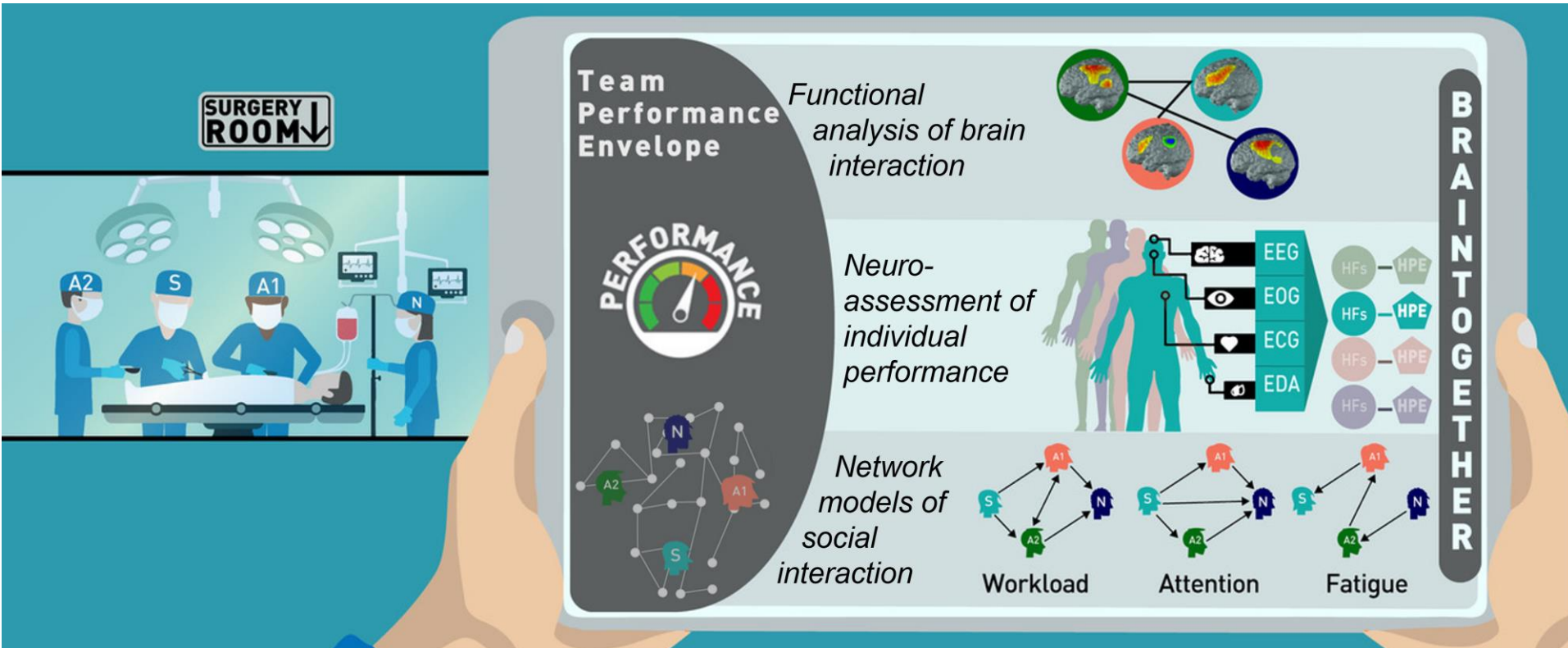


✓ **MODELLING THE TEAMS THROUGH GRAPH THEORY,** BY TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION **SOCIAL INTERACTION VARIABLES** (HIERARCHY, HOMOGENEITY, TYPE OF COLLABORATION, ETC).



✓ **HYPERSCANNING OVER HF NEUROMETRICS** OF ALL THE TEAM MEMBERS TO OBTAIN A SYNTHETIC AND OBJECTIVE ASSESSMENT OF **TEAMWORK**

The measuring of team cooperation



The Rationale



**SCIENTIFIC
RESEARCH**



NEUROMETRICS

Indexes based on neurophysiological signals



How to do that in real environments:



1) **To realize portable and easy-to-use** cerebral measurements devices to be used during training without interfere with normal practices



2) **To measure** efficiently and in a scientific way the main neuro-metrics associated with relevant mental states (e.g. stress, mental workload, etc).



Science and technologies have been developed with different aeronautic partners along a decade

Alitalia

LEONARDO



AgustaWestland

enav

ONERA
Centre d'Études et de Recherches de Toulouse

BRAIN PRODUCTS
Solutions for neurophysiological research

S3log

AleniaAermacchi
A Finmeccanica Company

ITCL
CENTRO TECNOLOGICO

IBM

ENAC



HungaroControl



DEEPBLUE
consulting&research

DLR
German Aerospace Center

university of groningen

isae
Institut Supérieur de l'Aéronautique et de l'Espace

NUS
National University of Singapore



UnipolSai
ASSICURAZIONI

UNIVERSIDAD DE MURCIA

SANTA LUCIA
NEUROSCIENZE
E RIABILITAZIONE

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

LMA MATER STUDIORUM
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Horizon2020
European Union Funding
for Research & Innovation



|B|B|Z|
medical technologies

SESA
JOINT UNDERTAKING

ANADOLU UNIVERSITESI



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Operational Scenarios

In a B-737NG Simulator the EXP and the UNEXP pilots have carried out three operational scenarios, each designed to induce respectively:

Workload

Cooperation

Stress

6 Unexperienced crews [UNEXP]:

Integrated ATPL with Multi Crew Cooperation course

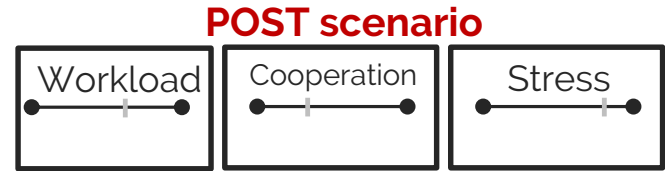


5 Experienced crews [EXP]:

IntegratCaptains and First Officers with extensive airline experience. Type rated on B737 (same as the simulator)



1) Subjective VAS
(by Pilots/
Trainer)



**DURING each scenario
(for workload and cooperation)**

2) Behavioural
(assessed by
Trainer)



DURING each scenario

3) Pilots'
Mindtooth
Neurometrics

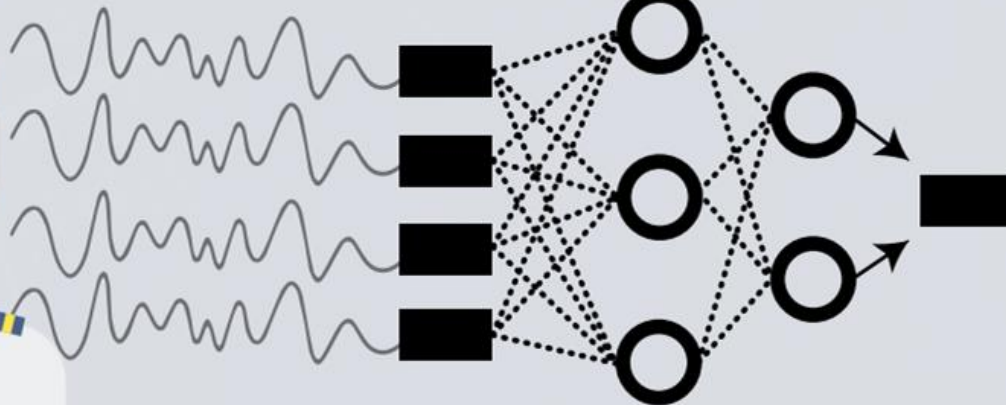


CONFIDENTIAL



Headset
EEG

BIOSIGNALS
PROCESSING



AI powered

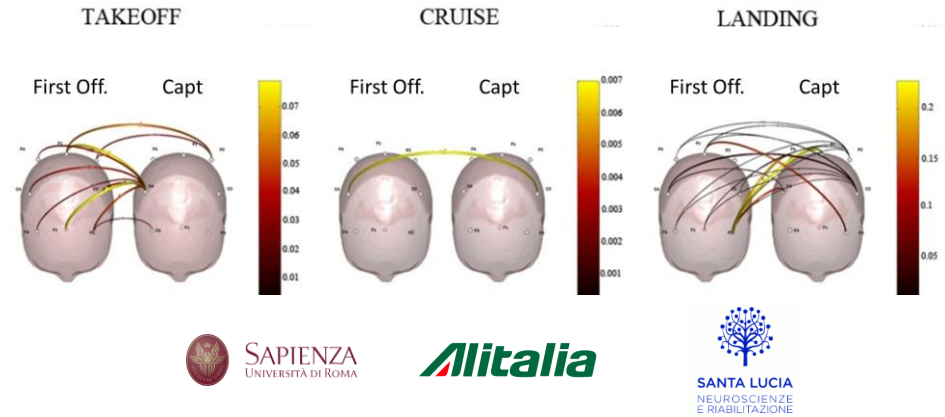
Neurometric
Competences
Indexes dex



Pilots' CRM estimation



Crew Resources Management Assessment



For the purpose of optimizing the Crew Resource Management (CRM), the interaction has been investigated by simultaneous recordings of brain signals during flight simulations and real jumps.

(Toppi, Borghini et al, 2016 – PlosONE)

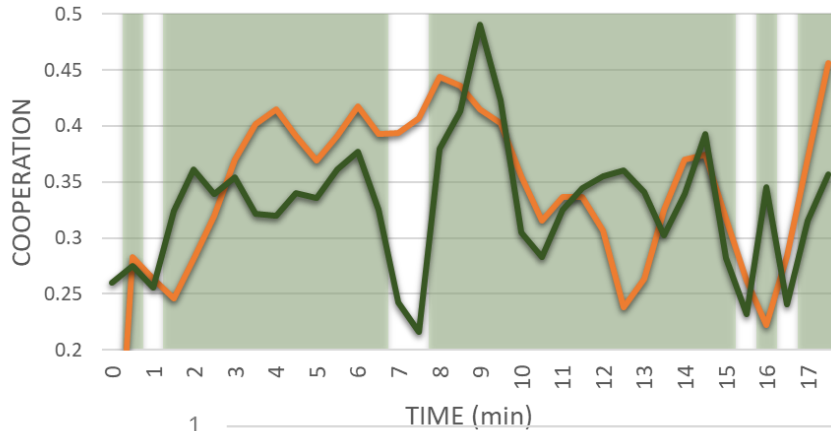
Real –time pilots cooperation assessment



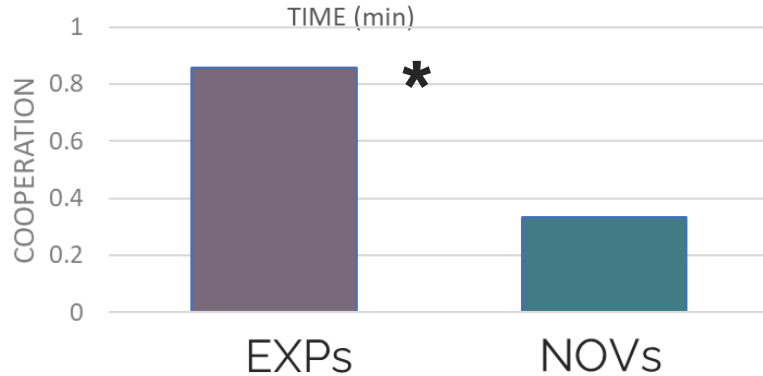
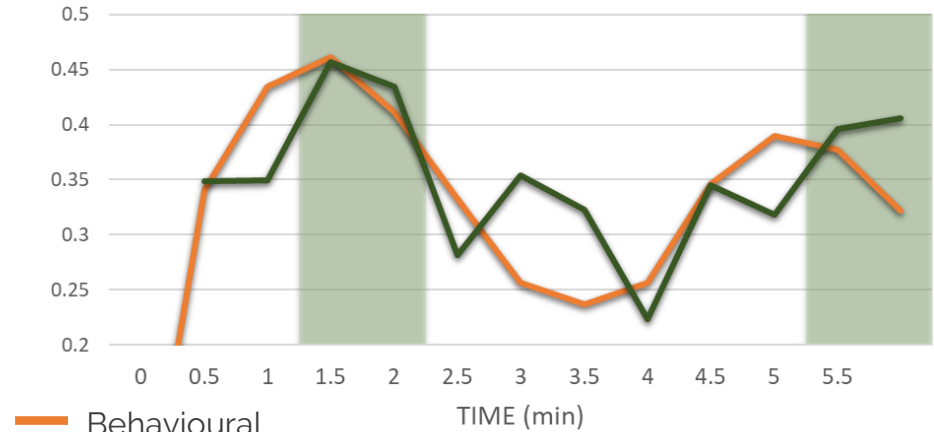
Cooperation index estimated during pilot's training



EXPERTS



NOVICES



- Behavioural
- Neurometric
- Neurometric class

- ✓ The Cooperation index is correlated with the behavioural score assessed by the trainers (Average among pilots).
- ✓ Moreover The cooperation of Expert Pilots was higher than that one of Novices.

Cooperation estimation during a simulated emergency



SESSION: LANDING DURING A STORM

Recording started: 07/10/2021 - 15:18

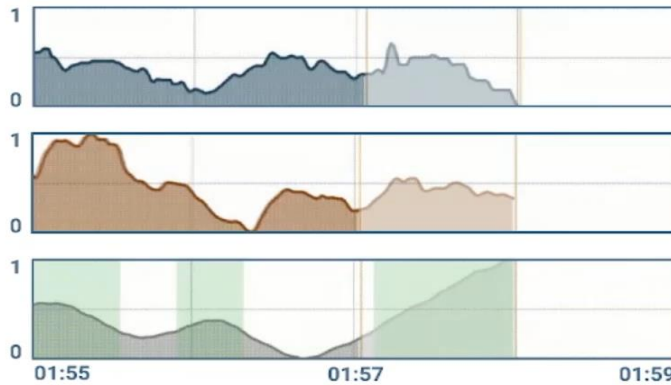


Pilot4564
Captain



Pilot6781
First officer

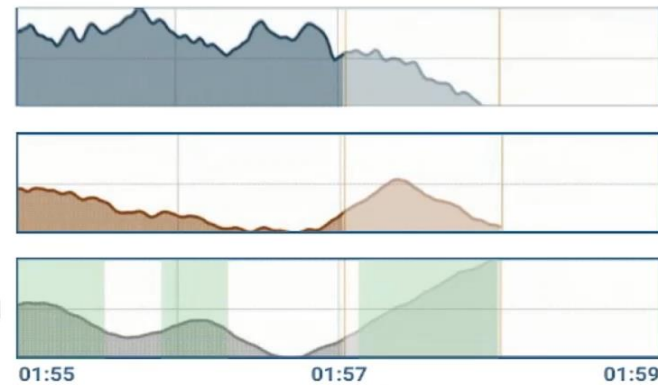
Close debriefing



Workload

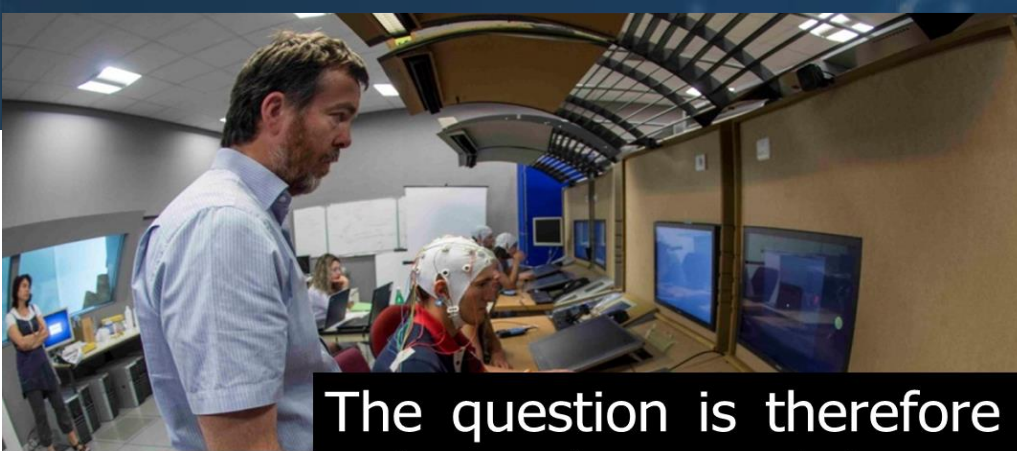
Stress

Cooperation

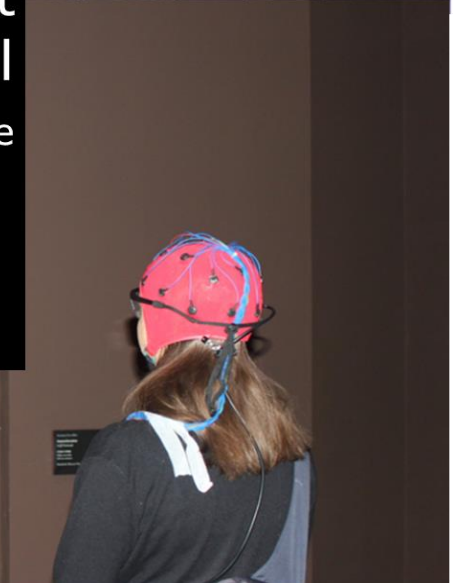
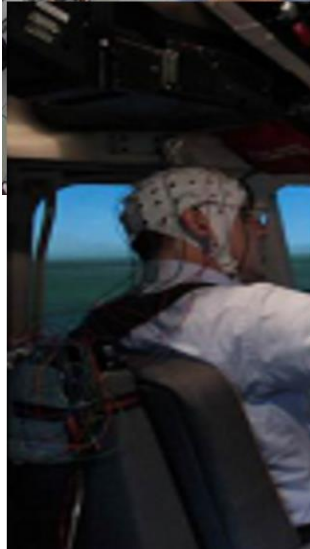


Ongoing activity: teamwork on 4 members





The question is therefore not whether, but rather **when** and **how**, neuroscience will shape our future. (Martha J. Farah, TRENDS in Cognitive Sciences Vol.9 No.1 January 2005)





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THANK YOU





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